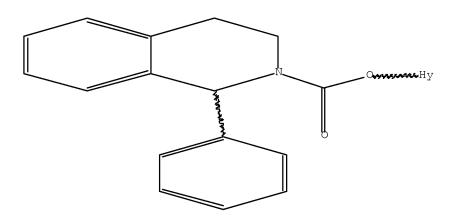
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Welcome to STN International
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                                                                                   _13^^^0
chain nodes :
11 12 13 20
ring nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 14 15 16 17 18 19
chain bonds :
9-11 10-17 11-12 11-13 13-20
ring bonds :
1-2 \quad 1-6 \quad 2-3 \quad 3-4 \quad 4-5 \quad 4-7 \quad 5-6 \quad 5-10 \quad 7-8 \quad 8-9 \quad 9-10 \quad 14-15 \quad 14-19 \quad 15-16 \quad 16-17
17-18 18-19
exact/norm bonds :
4-7 5-10 7-8 8-9 9-10 9-11 11-12 11-13 13-20
exact bonds :
10 - 17
normalized bonds :
1-2 \quad 1-6 \quad 2-3 \quad 3-4 \quad 4-5 \quad 5-6 \quad 14-15 \quad 14-19 \quad 15-16 \quad 16-17 \quad 17-18 \quad 18-19
isolated ring systems :
containing 1 : 14 :
Match level:
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom
11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:Atom 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom
20:Atom
Generic attributes :
20:
Number of Carbon Atoms : 7 or more
Number of Hetero Atoms : Exactly 1
Type of Ring System : Polycyclic
Element Count :
Node 20: Limited
   N,N1
L1
        STRUCTURE UPLOADED
=> dis 11
L1 HAS NO ANSWERS
L1
                 STR
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Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

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L2
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=> s l1 full
L3
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=> s 13
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    ANSWER 1 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
L5
     2003:734131 CAPLUS Full-text
ΑN
     140:349942
DN
     SVT-40776, a new selective M3 muscarinic antagonist: human receptor
ΤТ
     binding profile and bladder effects in the guinea pig
ΑU
     Salcedo, C.; Balsa, D.; Enrich, A.; Davalillo, S.; Pellicer, T.; Lagunas,
     C.; Catena, J.; Fernandez-Serrat, A.; Farrerons, C.; Fernandez, A. G.
CS
     Laboratorios SALVAT, Spain
    Neurourology and Urodynamics (2003), 22(5), 382-384
SO
     CODEN: NEUREM; ISSN: 0733-2467
PВ
    Wiley-Liss, Inc.
    Journal
DT
     English
LA
AB
     The study aims to determine the effect of SVT-40776, a novel substituted
     quinuclidine derivative with high M3 receptor affinity, on the different human
     muscarinic receptors through radioligand binding assays and to evaluate its
     activity on the intra-vesical and arterial pressure in anesthetized animals.
```

SVT-40776 exhibits high affinity, in the sub-nanomolar range, for the human M3 muscarinic receptor, being the most potent ligand among all the reference compds. assayed. It also shows the highest selectivity of human M3 vs. the M2

subtype, among all the reference antagonists tested. SVT-40766 is the most potent compound inhibiting the bladder contractions, at the very low dose of 17.1 nmol/kg i.v.

IT 242478-37-1, Solifenacin

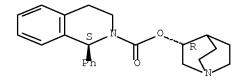
RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(comparison; human muscarinic receptor binding profile and effects on guinea pig bladder contraction of SVT-40776, a new selective M3 muscarinic antagonist)

RN 242478-37-1 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-, (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, (1S)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



OSC.G 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2 CITINGS)

RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 2003:57905 CAPLUS <u>Full-text</u>

DN 138:100946

TI Medicinal composition for treatment of interstitial cystitis

IN Ikeda, Ken; Takeuchi, Makoto

PA Yamanouchi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

FAN.CNT 1																			
	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.									
ΡI	WO	2003006019			A1				WO 2002-JP6904										
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			CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	
			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	
		LT, LU, I		LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PH,	PL,		
		PT, RO, F		RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,		
			UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW									
		RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	
			CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	
			PT,	SE,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	
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			IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	SK			
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	CN	1527708	A	20040908	CN	2002-814030	20020708
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	JΡ	4174673	B2	20081105	JP	2003-511825	20020708
	US	20040138252	A1	20040715	US	2003-479798	20031205
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	IN	2003KN01677	A	20060303	IN	2003-KN1677	20031229
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	KR	874815	B1	20081219	KR	2004-700284	20040109
	IN	2007KN02175	A	20070817	IN	2007-KN2175	20070614
	US	20090105298	A1	20090423	US	2008-3908	20080103
PRAI	JP	2001-209041	A	20010710			
	WO	2002-JP6904	W	20020708			
	US	2003-479798	A1	20031205			
	IN	2003-KN1677	A3	20031229			

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB A capsaicin-sensitive sensory nerve depressant which contains quinuclidine-3'-yl 1-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate or a salt thereof as the active ingredient. It is a remedy for a urol. disease selected among interstitial cystitis, hyperesthesia in the lower urinary tract, and prostatitis.

IT 180272-14-4 180272-14-4D, salts

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(quinuclidine-3'-yl 1-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate and its salts for treatment of interstitial cystitis, hyperesthesia in the lower urinary tract, and prostatitis)

RN 180272-14-4 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-, 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 180272-14-4 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-, 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

OSC.G 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (6 CITINGS)
RE.CNT 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 2002:554144 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 137:163148

TI Irritable bowel syndrome neuropharmacology: A review of approved and investigational compounds

AU Callahan, Michael J.

CS Department of Medical Affairs, Novartis Pharmaceuticals Inc., East Hanover, NJ, 07936, USA

SO Journal of Clinical Gastroenterology (2002), 35(1, Suppl.), S58-S67

CODEN: JCGADC; ISSN: 0192-0790

PB Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

A review. Anticholinergics and prokinetics are mainstays of therapy for AΒ Irritable Bowel Syndrome (IBS) patients despite their limited efficacy and troublesome side-effect profile. The clin. limitations of these drugs are a result of their relative broad and nonspecific pharmacol. interaction with various receptors. Recent advances in gut physiol. have led to the identification of various receptor targets that may play a pivotal role in the pathogenesis of IBS. Medicinal chemists searching for safe and effective IBS therapies are now developing compds. targeting many of these specific receptors. The latest generation of anticholinergics, such as zamifenacin, darifenacin, and YM-905, provide selective antagonism of the muscarinic type-3 receptor. Tegaserod, a selective 5-HT4 partial agonist, tested in multiple clin. trials, is effective in reducing the symptoms of abdominal pain, bloating, and constipation. Ezlopitant and nepadudant, selective antagonists for neurokinin receptors type 1 and type 2, resp., show promise in reducing qut motility and pain. Loperamide, a mu  $(\mu)$  opioid receptor agonist, is safe and effective for IBS patients with diarrhea (IBS-D) as the predominant bowel syndrome. Fedotozine, a kappa  $(\kappa)$  opioid receptor agonist, has been tried as a visceral analgesic in various clin. trials with conflicting results. Alosetron, a 5-HT3 receptor antagonist, has demonstrated efficacy in IBS-D patients but incidents of ischemic colitis seen in post-marketing follow-up resulted its removal from the market. Compds. that target cholecystokinin A, N-methyl-D-aspartate, alpha2-adrenergic, and corticotropin-releasing factor receptors are also examined in this review.

IT 242478-38-2, YM-905

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (irritable bowel syndrome neuropharmacol.: approved and investigational compds.)

RN 242478-38-2 CAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, compd. with (1S)-(3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-2(1H)-isoquinolinecarboxylate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 242478-37-1 CMF C23 H26 N2 O2

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

CM 2

CRN 110-15-6 CMF C4 H6 O4

HO2C-CH2-CH2-CO2H

OSC.G 14 THERE ARE 14 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (14 CITINGS)
RE.CNT 100 THERE ARE 100 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L5 ANSWER 4 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 2002:525396 CAPLUS Full-text
- DN 138:198423
- TI M3 receptor antagonism by the novel antimuscarinic agent solifenacin in the urinary bladder and salivary gland
- AU Ikeda, Ken; Kobayashi, Seiji; Suzuki, Mami; Miyata, Keiji; Takeuchi, Makoto; Yamada, Toshimitsu; Honda, Kazuo
- CS Institute for Drug Discovery Research, Yamanouchi Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd., 21 Miyukigaoka, Tsukuba, Ibaraki, 3058585, Japan
- SO Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's Archives of Pharmacology (2002), 366(2), 97-103
  CODEN: NSAPCC; ISSN: 0028-1298
- PB Springer-Verlag
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AΒ The antimus carrinic profile of the exptl. drug solifenacin/YM905 [(+)-(1S,3'R)quinuclidin-3'-yl-1-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2- carboxylate] for the treatment of overactive bladder was compared with the commonly prescribed agent oxybutynin. In radioligand binding assays, pKi values of solifenacin for M1, M2, and M3 receptors were 7.6, 6.9, and 8.0, resp. These values for oxybutynin were 8.6 (M1), 7.7 (M2), and 8.9 (M3). Solifenacin and oxybutynin antagonized the contractile effect of carbachol (CCh) on isolated guinea pig urinary bladder smooth muscle (detrusor), displaying the neg. logarithm of antagonist apparent affinity constant (pKb value) of 7.1 for solifenacin and 7.4 for oxybutynin. To study the tissue selectivity between bladders and salivary glands, guinea pig detrusor and mouse submandibular gland cells were stimulated with CCh and monitored for intracellular Ca2+, as determined by Fura 2 fluorescence. Ca2+ mobilization of detrusor cells was inhibited equipotently by solifenacin (pKi=8.4) and oxybutynin (pKi=8.6), whereas that of the gland cells was antagonized less potently by solifenacin (pKb=7.4) than by oxybutynin (pKb=8.8), although the M3 subtype mediated both cell responses. In an esthetized rats, solifenacin (63-2100 nmol kg-1 or 0.03-1 mg kg-1) dosedependently inhibited CCh-stimulated increases in urinary bladder pressure, while its inhibitory effects on salivation and bradycardia were apparent only at a dose of 2100 nmol kg-1. In contrast, oxybutynin within a dose range of 77-770 nmol kg-1 (0.03-0.3 mg kg-1) inhibited responses of the bladder and salivary gland slightly more potently than that of the heart. In addition, inhibitory effects of darifenacin indicated a major role of M3 receptors in the bladder and salivary gland. Therefore, M3 receptor antagonism by solifenacin could be bladder-selective. This selectivity remains to be elucidated and may provide new approaches to the pharmacotherapy of overactive bladder.
- IT 242478-37-1, Solifenacin 242478-38-2, YM905 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(M3 receptor antagonism solifenacin in urinary bladder and salivary qland)

RN 242478-37-1 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-, (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, (1S)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

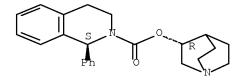
RN 242478-38-2 CAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, compd. with (1S)-(3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-2(1H)-isoquinolinecarboxylate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 242478-37-1 CMF C23 H26 N2 O2

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



CM 2

CRN 110-15-6 CMF C4 H6 O4

HO2C-CH2-CH2-CO2H

- OSC.G 70 THERE ARE 70 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (70 CITINGS)
- RE.CNT 25 THERE ARE 25 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L5 ANSWER 5 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
- AN 2002:268535 CAPLUS Full-text
- DN 136:299715
- TI Quinuclidine derivatives as ciliary muscle relaxants
- IN Kawamoto, Yoko; Waki, Mitsunori
- PA Senju Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan; Yamanouchi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent

LA Japanese

PAN.CNI I							
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
PI JP 2002104968 PRAI JP 2000-296464	А	20020410 20000928	JP 2000-296464	20000928 <			
OS MARPAT 136:299715							
GI							

$$(\mathsf{R}^1)_{\,\mathsf{m}} \xrightarrow{(\mathsf{R}^2)_{\,\mathsf{n}}\, ?1} \left[ \begin{array}{c} \circ \\ \bullet \\ \mathsf{N} \end{array} \right]_1$$

The invention provides a quinuclidine derivative I (A = cyclic aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, etc; X = single bond, methylene; R1 = halogen, OH, lower alkoxy, carboxyl, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower acyl, mercapto, etc.; R2 = H, OH, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl; l = 0-1; m = 0-3; n = 1-2) or its salt or ternary ammonium compound, suitable for use as a ciliary muscle relaxant for prevention or treatment of myopia, asthenopia, and glaucoma. An eyedrop containing (1S,3'R)-3'-quinuclidinyl-1-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-isoquinoline carboxylate succinate 3, sodium monohydrogen phosphate dodecahydrate 0.1, NaCl 0.9, HCl q.s. to pH = 7, benzalkonium chloride 0.005 g, and water balance to 100 mL was formulated, and tested its effect on carbachol-induced contraction of ciliary muscle in rabbit eyes.

IT 242478-37-1 242478-38-2 RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

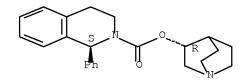
(quinuclidine derivs. as ciliary muscle relaxants)

Ι

RN 242478-37-1 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-, (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, (1S)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

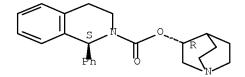


RN 242478-38-2 CAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, compd. with (1S)-(3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-2(1H)-isoquinolinecarboxylate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 242478-37-1 CMF C23 H26 N2 O2 Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



CM 2

CRN 110-15-6 CMF C4 H6 O4

HO2C-CH2-CH2-CO2H

OSC.G 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 2001:827646 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 136:145169

TI YM905, a novel M3 antagonist, inhibits Ca2+ signaling and c-fos gene expression mediated via muscarinic receptors in human T cells

AU Fujii, Takeshi; Kawashima, Koichiro

CS Department of Pharmacology, Kyoritsu College of Pharmacy, Minato-ku, Tokyo, 105-8512, Japan

SO General Pharmacology (2000), 35(2), 71-75 CODEN: GEPHDP; ISSN: 0306-3623

PB Elsevier Science Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

Our earlier observations suggest that M3 muscarinic acetylcholine (ACh) receptors (mAChRs) are involved in Ca2+ signaling and regulation of c-fos gene expression in T lymphocytes. Here, we describe the effects of YM905, a novel M3 antagonist, on evoked Ca2+ signaling and c-fos gene expression in CEM human leukemic T cells. YM905 significantly inhibited increases in intracellular free Ca2+ evoked by 10  $\mu\text{M}$  oxotremorine-M, an M1/M3 agonist (IC50=100 nM), and also inhibited 10  $\mu\text{M}$  oxotremorine-M-induced upregulation of c-fos gene expression at 1  $\mu\text{M}$ . These findings demonstrate that YM905 antagonizes the intracellular responses in T cells induced via mAChRs, possibly M receptors.

IT 242478-38-2, YM905

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study) (YM905 inhibits Ca2+ signaling and c-fos gene expression mediated via muscarinic receptors in human T cells)

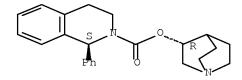
RN 242478-38-2 CAPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, compd. with (1S)-(3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-2(1H)-isoquinolinecarboxylate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 242478-37-1 CMF C23 H26 N2 O2

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



CM 2

CRN 110-15-6 CMF C4 H6 O4

HO2C-CH2-CH2-CO2H

OSC.G 8 THERE ARE 8 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (8 CITINGS)
RE.CNT 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 2001:552377 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 135:313448

TI Effects of YM905, a novel muscarinic M3-receptor antagonist, on experimental models of bowel dysfunction in vivo

AU Kobayashi, Seiji; Ikeda, Ken; Suzuki, Mami; Yamada, Toshimitsu; Miyata, Keiji

CS Pharmacology Laboratories, Institute for Drug Discovery Research, Yamanouchi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Tsukuba, 305-8585, Japan

SO Japanese Journal of Pharmacology (2001), 86(3), 281-288 CODEN: JJPAAZ; ISSN: 0021-5198

PB Japanese Pharmacological Society

DT Journal

LA English

We investigated the effects of YM905 [(+)-(1S,3'R)-quinuclidin-3'-yl 1-phenyl-AΒ 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-2-carboxylate monosuccinate], a new orally active muscarinic M3-receptor antagonist, on bowel dysfunction in vivo using exptl. models that reproduce the symptoms present in irritable bowel syndrome (IBS). YM905 potently inhibited restraint stress-induced fecal pellet output in fed rats (ED50: 4.0 mg/kg) and diarrhea in fasted rats (ED50: 1.7 mg/kg), with similar potencies to the inhibition of bethanechol-, neostigmine- and nicotine-induced fecal pellet output in rats (ED50: 3.3, 7.9 and 4.5  $\mbox{mg/kg}$ , resp.). YM905 also inhibited 5-hydroxytryptamine (5-HT)-, prostaglandin E2and castor oil-induced secretory diarrhea in mice (ED50: 5.5, 14 and 6.3 mg/kg, resp.), but showed no significant effect on cholera toxin-induced intestinal secretion in mice. In addition, YM905 (3, 10 mg/kg) reversed morphine-decreased postprandial defecation in ferrets, a model of spastic constipation, whereas ramosetron, a 5-HT3-receptor antagonist, was not effective. The mode of YM905 action was similar to that of darifenacin, a selective M3-receptor antagonist, with equivalent potencies. By contrast, propantheline, an antimuscarinic drug that has been used for IBS, was much less potent. These results show that YM905 ameliorates a wide spectrum of bowel dysfunctions through the blockade of M3 receptors, suggesting its therapeutic potential for treating IBS.

IT 242478-37-1, YM 905

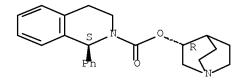
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(effects of YM905 on exptl. models of bowel dysfunction)

RN 242478-37-1 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-, (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, (1S)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



OSC.G 19 THERE ARE 19 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (19 CITINGS)

RE.CNT 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 2000:451981 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 133:317043

TI YM-905 (Yamanouchi Pharmaceutical Co Ltd)

AU Heading, Christine E.

CS Open University, Ruislip, HA4 7DD, UK

SO Current Opinion in Central & Peripheral Nervous System Investigational Drugs (2000), 2(3), 321-325 CODEN: COCDFA; ISSN: 1464-844X

PB PharmaPress Ltd.

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

A review with 23 refs. Yamanouchi is developing YM-905, a selective M3 muscarinic receptor antagonist, as a potential treatment for urinary incontinence and irritable bowel syndrome (IBS). It is in phase II trials in the US and Europe as a potential treatment for urinary incontinence and in phase I trials in Japan for IBS. Launch in the US and European markets is expected between 2003 and 2005. The drug shows a high affinity for the M3 receptor (Ki = 12 nM in rats) and effectively inhibits rhythmic bladder contractions without the common atropinic side effects such as dry mouth in humans. In preclin. studies, YM-905 (the succinate salt of the same free base of which YM-53705 is the monochloride salt) potently and competitively inhibited carbachol-induced contractions of guinea pig colon, with a pA2 value of 7.5. It was also shown to inhibit restraint stress-induced defecation and diarrhea over a dose range of 1-30 mg/kg. Preclin. studies have demonstrated that YM-53705 inhibited an increase in calcium and upregulated c-fos gene expression in a human T-cell line stimulated with oxotremorine. It has been suggested that YM-53705 modulates T-cell function via M3 receptors.

IT 242478-37-1P, YM 905

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(pharmacol. of YM 905 for treatment of urinary incontinence and irritable bowel syndrome)  $\,$ 

RN 242478-37-1 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-,

(3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, (1S)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

# RE.CNT 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 2000:433740 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 133:317413

TI Gastric cytoprotective activity of ilicic aldehyde in rats and mice

AU Donadel, O. J.; Maria, A.; Wendel, G.; Guerreiro, E.; Giordano, O.

CS Quimica Organica, INTEQUI-CONICET, Argent.

SO Molecules [Electronic Publication] (2000), 5(3), 462-464 CODEN: MOLEFW; ISSN: 1420-3049 URL: http://www.mdpi.org/molecules/papers/50300252.pdf

PB Molecular Diversity Preservation International

DT Journal; (online computer file)

LA English

AB Ilicic alc., a natural sesquiterpene, was previously converted to its aldehyde by Jones' oxidation The aldehyde prevented the formation of gastric mucosal lesions induced by EtOH and other necrotizing agents in mice and rats.

IT 242478-37-1

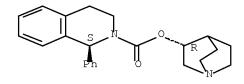
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(gastric cytoprotective activity of ilicic aldehyde)

RN 242478-37-1 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-, (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, (1S)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



## RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 10 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 1999:731705 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 132:202452

TI YM-905: treatment of urinary incontinence, muscarinic M3 antagonist

AU Mealy, N.; Castaner, J.

CS Prous Science, Barcelona, 08080, Spain

SO Drugs of the Future (1999), 24(8), 871-874

CODEN: DRFUD4; ISSN: 0377-8282

PB Prous Science

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

AB A review, with 7 refs., discussing the synthesis and the pharmacol. actions of the title compound

IT 180272-15-5P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(YM-905: treatment of urinary incontinence, muscarinic M3 antagonist)

RN 180272-15-5 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-, 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, ethanedioate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 180272-14-4 CMF C23 H26 N2 O2

CM 2

CRN 144-62-7 CMF C2 H2 O4

OSC.G 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2 CITINGS)

RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 11 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 1998:35996 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 128:114881

OREF 128:22529a,22532a

TI Preparation of quinuclidine-containing isoquinolines and muscarine M3 receptor antagonists containing them

IN Naito, Ryo; Takeuchi, Makoto; Okamoto, Yoshinori; Ikeda, Masaru; Isomura, Yasuo

PA Yamanouchi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE			
ΡI	JP 10007675	A	19980113	JP 1996-162221	19960621 <			
PRAI	JP 1996-162221		19960621					
OS	MARPAT 128:114881							

$$(R^3) \text{ m} \xrightarrow{R^1} (O) \text{ n}$$

AB Isoquinolines I (R1 = OH, lower alkoxy, lower alkyl; R2 = aryl, cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl; R3 = halo, OH, lower alkoxy, CO2H, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower acyl, etc.; m = 0-3; n = 0, 1) or their salts, useful as muscarine M3 receptor antagonists, are prepared (±)-Trans-1-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-4-isoquinolinol (0.28 g) was treated with 0.28 g (3R)-3-quinuclidinyl chloroformate.HCl at room temperature for 2.5 h to give 0.15 g trans-(1S,3'R,4S)- and trans-(1R,3'R,4R)-I (R1 = OH, R2 = Ph, R3 = H, n = 0). I was tested for in vitro muscarine receptor affinity and in vivo antagonistic activity.

IT 201660-36-8P

GΙ

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of quinuclidine-containing isoquinolines as muscarine  ${\tt M3}$  receptor

antagonists)

RN 201660-36-8 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-4-hydroxy-1-phenyl-, (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L5 ANSWER 12 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 1996:516723 CAPLUS Full-text

DN 125:167804

OREF 125:31441a,31444a

TI Preparation of new quinuclidine derivatives as muscarinic M3 receptor antagonists

IN Takeuchi, Makoto; Naito, Ryo; Hayakawa, Masahiko; Okamoto, Yoshinori; Yonetoku, Yasuhiro; Ikeda, Ken; Isomura, Yasuo

PA Yamanouchi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan SO PCT Int. Appl., 75 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent LA Japanese FAN.CNT 1

FAN.	PATENT NO.																			
ΡI					A1 19960704															
								BR,												
								LR,	•				•		•					
			PL,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SG,	SI,	SK,	ΤJ,	TM,	TT,	UA,	US,	UZ,	VN				
		RW:	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,		
			IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	ML,	MR,		
			ΝE,		TD,															
	CA					A1		1996	0704	CA 1995-2208839						19951227 <				
		2208839				C 20060131														
	ΑU										AU 1	996-	4355		19951227 <-			<		
		695616																		
		8010								EP 1995-942276						19951227 <				
		801067 R: AT, BE, CH 1171109 1045601																		
					CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	PT,	IE		
						А	DE, DK, ES, FR, A 19980121 C 19991013 A2 19980302				CN 1	995-	1970	88		1	9951:	227	<	
						С				1000 1005										
		7700	6			A2 199803			0302	HU 1997-1895						19951227 <				
		2237	/8			BI	1 20050128													
		2143								RU 1997-112907 JP 1996-520367						19951227 <				
		3014				В2														
		2000109481				A B1										19951227 <-				
		1823 2337	44			BI									19951227 <					
		2193				T3	20030315			ES 1995-942276										
		9702				12	13 20031101			ES 1995-942276						19951227				
		1156				A D1	A 1997082 B1 2005061								1	9910	021			
		9703				B1 2005061 A 1997082								19970627 <				<		
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										US 1997-860377						1	9970:	828	<	
		6174								US 1999-312392										
PRAI		1994	-327	045		_ <b>_</b>		1994	1228							_				
		1996				А3														
	WO 1995-JP2713					W		1995	1227											

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT OS MARPAT 125:167804

$$R_{\text{M}} \xrightarrow{\text{(CH2) n}} N$$

AB Quinuclidine derivs. I [ring A = optionally substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, heteroaryl containing 1 to 4 heteroatoms selected from among oxygen, nitrogen and sulfur, or 5- to 7-membered saturated heterocycle; X = single bond or methylene; R = halo, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, carboxy, lower alkoxycarbonyl, lower acyl, mercapto, lower alkylthio, sulfonyl, lower

alkylsulfonyl, sulfinyl, lower alkylsulfinyl, sulfonamido, lower alkanesulfonamido, carbamoyl, thio-carbamoyl, mono- or di(lower alkyl)amino, methylenedioxy, ethylenedioxy or lower alkyl optionally substituted by halogeno, hydroxy, lower alkoxy, amino or mono- or di(lower alkyl)amino; p = 0 or 1; m = integer of 1 to 3; n = integer of 1 or 2], their salts, N-oxides, or quaternary ammonium salts, having an antagonistic effect on muscarinic M3 receptors and are useful as a preventive or remedy for urol. diseases, respiratory diseases or digestive diseases, are prepared Thus, Et 1-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-isoquinolinecarboxylate (preparation given) was reacted with 3-quinuclidinol in toluene containing NaH at 140° for 2 days to give the title compound 3-quinuclidinyl 1-phenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-isoquinolinecarboxylate isolated as the oxalate salt. In an in vitro study, I had Ki values of 10-3 to 10-10 M against muscarinic M3 receptors.

IT 180272-14-4P 180272-15-5P 180272-16-6P 180272-23-5P 180272-24-6P 180272-25-7P 180272-28-0P 180272-29-1P 180468-37-5P 180468-38-6P 180468-39-7P 180468-40-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of new quinuclidine derivs. as muscarinic  ${\tt M3}$  receptor antagonists)

RN 180272-14-4 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-, 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 180272-15-5 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-, 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, ethanedioate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 180272-14-4 CMF C23 H26 N2 O2

CM 2

CRN 144-62-7 CMF C2 H2 O4

RN 180272-16-6 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-, 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, hydrochloride (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

RN 180272-23-5 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 1-(4-chlorophenyl)-3,4-dihydro-, 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, (2E)-2-butenedioate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 180272-22-4 CMF C23 H25 C1 N2 O2

CM 2

CRN 110-17-8 CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

RN 180272-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 1-(4-fluorophenyl)-3,4-dihydro-,

1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 180272-25-7 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-(4-methylphenyl)-, 1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 180272-28-0 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-, (3R)-1-oxido-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, (1S)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 180272-29-1 CAPLUS

CN 1-Azoniabicyclo[2.2.2]octane, 3-[[[(1S)-3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-2(1H)-isoquinolinyl]carbonyl]oxy]-1-methyl-, iodide (1:1), (3R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

• I-

RN 180468-37-5 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-, (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, hydrochloride (1:1), (1R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

● HCl

RN 180468-38-6 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-, (3S)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, hydrochloride (1:1), (1S)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

● HCl

RN 180468-39-7 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-, (3R)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, hydrochloride (1:1), (1S)- (CA INDEX NAME)

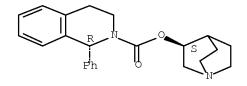
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

● HCl

RN 180468-40-0 CAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Isoquinolinecarboxylic acid, 3,4-dihydro-1-phenyl-, (3S)-1-azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-3-yl ester, hydrochloride (1:1), (1R)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



● HCl

OSC.G 27 THERE ARE 27 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (50 CITINGS)
RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=>log y STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 10:53:17 ON 24 AUG 2009